

Rep. Chris Nybo

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09700HB3294ham003 LRB097 10922 RPM 53846 a 1 AMENDMENT TO HOUSE BILL 3294 2 AMENDMENT NO. . Amend House Bill 3294, AS AMENDED, by 3 replacing everything after the enacting clause with the 4 following: "Section 5. The School Code is amended by changing Section 5 6 22-30 as follows: 7 (105 ILCS 5/22-30) Sec. 22-30. Self-administration of medication and school 8 nurse administration. 10 (a) In this Section: 11 "Asthma inhaler" means a quick reliever asthma inhaler. "Epinephrine auto-injector" means a medical device for 12 13 immediate self-administration by a person at risk of 14 anaphylaxis. "Medication" means a medicine, prescribed by (i) a 15

physician licensed to practice medicine in all its branches,

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(ii) a physician assistant who has been delegated the authority to prescribe asthma medications by his or her supervising physician, or (iii) an advanced practice registered nurse who has a written collaborative agreement with a collaborating physician that delegates the authority to prescribe asthma medications, for a pupil that pertains to the pupil's asthma and that has an individual prescription label.

"Self-administration" means a pupil's discretionary use of and ability to carry his or her prescribed asthma medication.

- (b) A school, whether public or nonpublic, must permit the self-administration of medication by a pupil with asthma or the use of an epinephrine auto-injector by a pupil, provided that:
 - (1) the parents or guardians of the pupil provide to the school (i) written authorization from the parents or guardians for the self-administration of medication or (ii) for use of an epinephrine auto-injector, written authorization from the pupil's physician, physician assistant, or advanced practice registered nurse; and
 - (2) the parents or guardians of the pupil provide to the school (i) the prescription label, which must contain the name of the medication, the prescribed dosage, and the time at which or circumstances under which the medication is to be administered, or (ii) for use of an epinephrine auto-injector, a written statement from the pupil's physician, physician assistant, or advanced practice registered nurse containing the following information:

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| 1 | (A) the name and purpose of the epinephrine |
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| 2 | auto-injector; |
| 3 | (B) the prescribed dosage; and |
| 4 | (C) the time or times at which or the special |
| 5 | circumstances under which the epinephrine |
| 6 | auto-injector is to be administered. |
| 7 | The information provided shall be kept on file in the office of |
| 8 | the school nurse or, in the absence of a school nurse, the |
| 9 | school's administrator. |
| 10 | (b-5) A school district or nonpublic school may authorize |
| 11 | the provision of an epinephrine auto-injector to a student or |
| 12 | any personnel authorized under a student's Individual Health |
| 13 | Care Action Plan, Illinois Food Allergy Emergency Action Plan |
| 14 | and Treatment Authorization Form, or plan pursuant to Section |
| 15 | 504 of the federal Rehabilitation Act of 1973 to administer an |
| 16 | epinephrine auto-injector to the student, that meets the |
| 17 | prescription on file. |
| 18 | (b-10) The school district or nonpublic school may |
| 19 | authorize a school nurse do the following: (i) provide an |
| 20 | epinephrine auto-injector to a student or any personnel |
| 21 | authorized under a student's Individual Health Care Action |
| 22 | Plan, Illinois Food Allergy Emergency Action Plan and Treatment |
| 23 | Authorization Form, or plan pursuant to Section 504 of the |
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federal Rehabilitation Act of 1973 to administer an epinephrine

auto-injector to the student, that meets the prescription on

file; (ii) administer an epinephrine auto-injector that meets

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the prescription on file to any student who has an Individual Health Care Action Plan, Illinois Food Allergy Emergency Action Plan and Treatment Authorization Form, or plan pursuant to Section 504 of the federal Rehabilitation Act of 1973 that authorizes the use of an Epinephrine auto-injector; and (iii) administer an epinephrine auto-injector to any student that the school nurse in good faith professionally believes is having an anaphylactic reaction.

(c) The school district or nonpublic school must inform the parents or quardians of the pupil, in writing, that the school district or nonpublic school and its employees and agents, including a physician providing standing protocol or prescription for school epinephrine auto-injectors, are to incur no liability, except for willful and wanton conduct, as a result of any injury arising from the self-administration of medication or use of an epinephrine auto-injector by the pupil regardless of whether authorization was given by the pupil's parents or guardians or by the pupil's physician, physician's assistant, or advanced practice registered nurse. The parents or quardians of the pupil must sign a statement acknowledging that the school district or nonpublic school and its employees and agents are is to incur no liability, except for willful and wanton conduct, as a result of any injury arising from the self-administration of medication or use of an epinephrine auto-injector by the pupil regardless of whether authorization was given by the pupil's parents or guardians or by the pupil's

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physician, physician's assistant, or advanced practice registered nurse and that the parents or quardians must indemnify and hold harmless the school district or nonpublic school and its employees and agents against any claims, except a claim based on willful and wanton conduct, arising out of the self-administration of medication or use of an epinephrine auto-injector by the pupil regardless of whether authorization was given by the pupil's parents or guardians or by the pupil's physician, physician's assistant, or advanced practice When a school nurse administers an registered nurse. epinephrine auto-injector to a student whom the school nurse in good faith professionally believes is having an anaphylactic reaction, notwithstanding the lack of notice to the parents or quardians of the pupil or the absence of the parents or quardians signed statement acknowledging no liability, except for willful and wanton conduct, the school district or nonpublic school and its employees and agents, including a physician providing standing protocol or prescription for school epinephrine auto-injectors, are to incur no liability, except for willful and wanton conduct, as a result of any injury arising from the use of an epinephrine auto-injector regardless of whether authorization was given by the pupil's parents or guardians or by the pupil's physician, physician's assistant, or advanced practice registered nurse.

(d) The permission for self-administration of medication or use of an epinephrine auto-injector is effective for the

- 1 school year for which it is granted and shall be renewed each 2 subsequent school year upon fulfillment of the requirements of
- this Section. 3

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- (e) Provided that the requirements of this Section are fulfilled, a pupil with asthma may possess and use his or her medication or a pupil may possess and use an epinephrine auto-injector (i) while in school, (ii) while school-sponsored activity, (iii) while under the supervision of school personnel, or (iv) before or after normal school activities, such as while in before-school or after-school care on school-operated property.
- (f) The school district or nonpublic school may maintain at a school in a locked, secure location a supply of epinephrine auto-injectors. A physician may prescribe epinephrine auto-injectors in the name of the school district or nonpublic school to be maintained for use when necessary. The school district or nonpublic school supply of epinephrine auto-injectors may be provided to and utilized by any student authorized to self-administer that meets the prescription on file or by any personnel authorized under a student's Individual Health Care Action Plan, Illinois Food Allergy Emergency Action Plan and Treatment Authorization Form, or plan pursuant to Section 504 of the federal Rehabilitation Act of 1973 to administer an epinephrine auto-injector to the student, that meets the prescription on file. When a student does not have an epinephrine auto-injector or a prescription for an

- 1 epinephrine auto-injector on file, the school nurse may utilize
- 2 the school district or nonpublic school supply of epinephrine
- auto-injectors to respond to anaphylactic reaction, under a 3
- 4 standing protocol from a physician licensed to practice
- 5 medicine in all its branches and the requirements of this
- 6 Section.
- (Source: P.A. 96-1460, eff. 8-20-10.) 7
- 8 Section 10. The Illinois Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act is
- 9 amended by changing Section 3.21 as follows:
- 10 (410 ILCS 620/3.21) (from Ch. 56 1/2, par. 503.21)
- 11 Sec. 3.21. Except as authorized by this Act, the Controlled
- Substances Act, the Pharmacy Practice Act, the Dental Practice 12
- 13 Act, the Medical Practice Act of 1987, the Veterinary Medicine
- 14 and Surgery Practice Act of 2004, or the Podiatric Medical
- Practice Act of 1987, or Section 22-30 of the School Code, to 15
- sell or dispense a prescription drug without a prescription. 16
- (Source: P.A. 95-689, eff. 10-29-07.) 17
- Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon 18
- 19 becoming law.".